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## इंटरनेट

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"पुराने को छोड नये के तरफ" Jawaharlal Nehru
"Step Out From the Old to the New"

IS 2065 (1983): Code of practice for water supply in
buildings [CED 24: Public Health Engineering.]

## 


"ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण"
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"Invent a New India Using Knowledge"
"ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता है" Bhartṛhari-Nītiśatakam
"Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen"


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## Indian Standard

## CODE OF PRACTICE FOR

 WATER SUPPLY IN BUILDINGS(Second Revision)

Finst Reprini NOWEMBER 1990

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## Indian Standard

## CODE OF PRACTICE FOR WATER SUPPLY IN BUILDINGS

## (Second Revision)

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## Indian Standard

## CODE OF PRACTICE FOR WATER SUPPLY IN BUILDINGS

## (Second Revision)

## 0. FOREWORD

O.l This Indian Standard ( Second Resisign) was adopied ty the Indian
 the Waler Supply and Samitation Sectional Commitere hadi bets approved hy the Civil Engineering Division Conumil.
0.2 This standard, firet publisbed in 1969 and tulangututy revited in 1972 , made an etterapt to provide the mininuma shandarde for the design, layour and workmanship governitik water dupply iv builditugs and felped in Bringing about desired unifonmity in Une byerlans and regulaiona framed by diflertent water bupgly anthurities in be tomatry. The ueed for fillowing the segulations are imperative as they are ibiended for the prevention of waste, mijxuse, iminee tomsumption and comaraination of drinking waser, the cenkervation of wingch bas breome an uggent лecessity in virw of it iscreasing demand.
0.2: The sulicor clanged mede in the revixion are for estipating the dearand leach for wates supply ryatm, for which the minimup water suplily requirenvests for sesidential purpoes hes been changed to ehol liters per head por day and the discharge purye kere mow bayed on Hayed abd William formida.
0.2.2 A separate Indiar Standard laying dawn guidetion for regindar tion of plurubers is under preparation.
6.5 For the purpose of deciding whether a partindsr requifencut of that nandard is rompotied with the fibal value, ribserved on salenlatet, cxprensing the result of a teat or analyid, thall be rotancet off in
 in the rounded off value ghould bet the same se that of the resecilicd value in this ytandard.

[^0]
## 1. SCOFE

1.1 This code deals with water supply is buildings, and corers generai requirements and regulations for wates supply, plumbing connected to pubfic water supply, licensing if plumbera, design of witec supply aystems, primaples on amverance and diatribution of water within the premisea, storage, water fitings and applisnces, and innpeaion and mainterance.
1.2 Many adminientitive authoricies controljing water mppply have their own sel of byetlaws, ralet and regulations for supgaly of water tor suit focal eanditions. Thete should be suticly conformed to befare operations are commenced for laying of pipelines or plumbing systrfis which are to be conneeted to public water bupply.
1.5 This oode does not cower stesect of water upply for fire fighting purpowes.

## 2. TERNAROLOGT

2.0 For the purpase of this rede, the following defmitions athald apply-
2.1 Additifon to a Ballding - Adrlition to the cultic sootents or to the floor ares of a building.
2.2 Ar Gmp - The dintance between the lowen point of a water inlet or feed pipe to an appliance and the opill-over level for the owerflowing level ) of the appliance.
2,3 Amehpre - Ser 2.53.
2.4 Applipate - A receplacte or fpparatus in which water is heated, treated or metarted, of iu twhich it is utilized before passing to waste.
2.5 Apprayed - Accepted of acceptable under an applicable specification ataied or cited in this code or accepted at suitable for the propoused use under the bye-faws or reguastions of the Alubority.
26 Area of a Floor or Floor Arote of a Halling - The area of a horizontal eecrion taken at the plinth or floor level of any btocey of a buiddirg inclusive of at projecting and orerhanging parth of the exectial walls and of anch portions of the partition watlo as betong to the building.
2.7 Arainbin Hexd - The hesd of water avaijable at the point of convideration due to main't protigure or owerhead tank or any other monsce of preryure.
2.8 Aurbority Hering Jandedtetion - The authority which has been
 may sulhorive a combaicter pr an ofreiai to ant on ita behalf; hereindet talled the 'Aatharity'
2.9 Batkelow - The how of wister or other liquide, mixitures or aubutancen mite the distributing pipes of a potable supply of water syatem from any

2.10 Baclataw Preprotion Device - Ally apptoved measure or fiting or combination of fitums specifically deyigned to prevent backiow or backhiphonage in at waltr strrice.
2. II Back Siphotatite - The flowing bark of ured contaminated or polluted water from a plupabing fixture or westel inte a water mupply pipc due to a redaced presture in such pipe (sur 2.9 ).
212 Brach - Any part of the piping sytem other that a main.
z 13 Rullding - Ady permancal or temporary rturture built for the "pport, shelter or evelosure for persons, animals, chattela or praperty of atty kind, and includes a house, outhoure, atable, shed, hut and every uthet such structure, whether of masonry, lujicke, wood, mud, merial or any other material but does not inchude a watchman's booth, a mandef of otber similar kinds of temperary uructures etected on ceremotial occs. sious,
2.14 Capacity - The volume of a storage tiptern masaured up to the maximum water linc.
2.15 Tode - The word, whert uted, alorte shall meat these regulationts, subsequeut amendments thereto, or anty emergeney rule or rogusation whith the Autlourity may lawfilly adopr.
2. 16 Cambined Area of the Floprs - Surs trial of the mita of two or noure. number of floors.
zif Commericetion Plpe - That part of a etrvice pipe which vests in the water undertakeri. It sta, ts bt the water main and terminates at a point which differs accordinds to the circumatances of the caese.
2. 18 Cawaetat - Conseist obtained or given in writitig.
2.19 Coanmorer - Any person wha wex or is tuppliged watet or on whore ${ }^{2}$ application such watte is bupplied by the Authority-
2.20 Connatmer'a Pipe - The pertion of uervice pipe ured for supply of water and which is not the property of the duthority ( me Fig- 〕).
2.21 Creqt Canwertion - A conbection between two normally independeat pipeliues which permits flow finer eithet plpeline into the other.
2,22 Diameter - Unless rpecifleally subted, the nomlonl \internal; diameter of the pipe.


Norx - The illubtinicu is not interded to ibticate ftronemended palalken of
 tocel detulizen.

## fig. I Typical Sketch por Identifiohtion of Dlfierent Typat of Watil fuptur Pift

2.27 Divete Tap - A tap which is connected to a supply pipe and subject to pretalure from the water fatin,
224 Domeatio Purpoted - Al purposes Incidental to the occopation of a dwellings.
 to water grestire frow the waler main.
2,25 Dwelling - A building used or constructed or adapted for use wholly or primcipally for human babitation It may indude geragen, other outhouses appurtenant thereto.
2浐 Rfivetivy Opening - The minimum cross sectional area at the point of water supply, mestured or exprensed in term of (a) diameter of a ciecle, (b) if the opening is not circuline, the diameter of a circle of equiyplent crow-reational outh.
2,24 Exisedag Work - A phambing system or any part thereos which has been intalled prior to the date on which the code comes intu flect and is паade applirahle by the Authority.
2.29 Fretery - A place to which the provitions of the Indith Factoricy Act of $194 y$ and amendments the reto from time to time apply.
230 Fead Cistere - A storage vessel used for supplying cold wates to a hot water pppacatus, ryjinder or tanks.
231 Fitting - Coupling, fange, branch, bend tres, elbows, unious, waste. with plag, $P$ or $S$ wap with vent, btop feryulr, stop valve, bild tap, pillar tap. slobe tap, bRLU valve, cisern storage tank, baths Watir-closet, boiler gyser, pumping set, with sowor and accessories, meter, hydrant valve and any odher artiele tised in connection with water supply and suttitation.
2372 Float Operated Velve - Ball valyed or ball taps atul cquilibriun hay valves opersted by mestia of a floza
2.33 Flabblag Cbtrep - A nistern prowided with a device for rapidly diacharging the contained water and ased in comection with a ganitary Rppliance for the penpose of teanaing the aypliance and carrying awry iti contents into a droin-
 Aupb.

234 Geaprel Wmatiog Plece - A wathing place provided with necrssary sanitary arangersint and anmaina to more than one tenement.
2.35 Horixobital Pipe - Any pipt or fiting which makes an angle of more thane $45^{\circ}$ will the vortisat.

## IS: 2045-1903

2.3f Infanitary - Contrary to samilary principles or injurious to health
2.37 Licened Plumber - A perton licenet under the providions of this code.
 parallel hout not in itne.
2.s) Petiod ef Expply - 7her period or the day of nifht during which water supply is made puailalile to lit consentits.
2.40 Pfpe Wark - Any inslalation of piping with its Guting.
2.41 PUnth - The pertions of a structure betweres the anurace of the surfounding ground and sumace of rhe fioor, immediately atoove the ground,
2.42 Plambing - (a) The pipes, fixthres ant other apparatus inside a building for briuging in the water supply and remowing the liquid and water bornc wasces; (b) The lastalation of the furegoing piprs, fuxtures and other apparatus.
2.13 Plambing Syacem - The ptunbing system shall include ale water supply and distrilution pipes; planding fittitiky and trajss; soil, washe, went
 ding their retpective consections, devires and appurtemances widnin the property lines of the premises, and water-treating or water-using equipment.
2.14 Potable Watar - W'ater which is eatisfactory firr drinkirig, tulteary 7nd dontaic purpoaes and ments the requicements of the ituchority.
2.15 Premider - - Premises shail include pasages, buitdings and lands of any tetiuce, whether apet ore eridosed, whether buil on or not, and whelutr publue or private in regpect of which a water sate or charge is payable to the Authority or for which an application is imader for supply of water.
2,46 Ppolle Biatitiag - A building atserd nr intended io lire used cidher oddinarily or occasionatly as a church, chapal, temple, menqut or any place of public wroship, DHARAMSFALA, mallege, schoot, theave, cinema, public concert raam. pubtic hall, public bath, hntpital, lotel, restaurent, jecture timan ar any nther plact of publit ansembly.
2.42 Residand Head - The head avnilable at any particular point in the ditribution syisteut.
2.48 Service Plpe - Pipe that runs between the distribution main in the street and the riecr in the case of a muluatoreyed buidding or the water in the case of ans individual house and is aubjected to water pressure from surfh ramin.
2.49 Stepeeck - A cock firting in a pipeline for coalrolling the how ef water.

250 Stop Tap - Sop tap inctuded sop tack atop yalve pr any puber devices for topping the fow of water in a line or byatera of pipe at will.
2.51 Starage Cintera - A ciuctin for morlog water.
2.52 sapply Plese - So much of ony service pipe at is not a comumundestion pipe.
2.53 Sapports - Supporta, hangera and anchori or devices Cor supporling and vecuring pipe and fiting to walla, ceiligga, fivors or tructural nutmbers-
2.54 Temement - A $\operatorname{sog}(\mathrm{m})$ in the octrupation of or meam for the occupalion of one temant.
255 Yerticen Pipt - Aht pipe which in installed in a vertical pesition or which makes an angle of not more than $45^{\circ}$ with the vertical.
2.56 Wurdale Pipe - An overflow pipe no fixed that itn outlet, whether inside or outaide og oruilding, is in a cotipicubera position where the diachafge of any warer therefrom can be roadaly aten.
2.57 Whahont Valve - A device located at the bottuon of the cank for the purpose of dranning a tant for clenaing, maintenance, exc.
2, Whater Line - A line mbrked insite a cistern se jpdicate the highey water letal at which the upply valus shoutd be adjubed to bhut off.
 akers for the purpose of giving a general mupgy o[ بater as distimit from a supply to mediv:dual contutiteri and includea suy spparatus ued in eopnectiun with surch a pipe.
2.60 Weter Ontibt - A waler ontlet, at uted in Eanaction with the watro dituributing sifiern, is the discharge opening for the water ( $R$ ) to a fiting (b) to atrangheric preatre icxocpt ino an open tiant which in part of the water supply ', and (c) to вny water-operated device of equipmeat requiring whict to operste.
2.62 Whter sapply 8yaram - Water iupply sympa of in buidding or premieb consigts of the water tervice pipe, the watefodintribution pipen, and
 mances in or Bdjactas to the building of premises.
2.62 Waterworks - Waserworks ior patilic water bupply include s lake, river, spring, weil, pump with of withoul motat and accenowies, reservotr, cistetn, tank, duct whether covered or open, nluice, water tonin, pips
culvert, engine and any machintry, land, building or a thing ued fur atorage, treatment and supply ol water.

## 3. LICENSING PLCMMBRS

3.] For grant of license to plumbers, 'Indian Standard fabidelines for Registradion of Plumbera ( under proparation )' may be fellowed.

## 4. APPLIGATION FOR OHTAINING SLPPLY PROM WATERWORES

4. Applleation Forma - Every consumer requlting a new stupply of water or any exteraion of alteracion to the exisuing supply, theall apply in writing in the presaibed form given in Appendix A to the Authority,

12 Batl Supply - In the catce of large housing crionjef or where new teryies ape so situated that it will be nectaxary tor the Authority to Ipy new matims or excend an existing baith full infornation aboul the proposed bouting stheme shall be firrnistied at exsly at possible to the duthority. The Authority shalialso be given information regarding the phased reyuirements of water supply with fill justifications. Such information shall include site plan showing the liyout of mond, frompaths, baidding and bourdarien, and dudication thereon the fininhed line and level of the monds or foompables and water atuply lines and appurtenareex.
4.3 Camplatian Certificetr - On mamptrinn of the plumbing worh For the waler sapply system, the licensed plumber shall give a completion certileate in the preteribed Iorm (ard Apperdix B ) to the Ausbority for sefting the water connection from the mains.

## 

5,1 Coneral - Proper devign of the water diatributing systeats in a buitding in aecessary in order that the various fituings may fintecion property, nof thete it an adequate aupply to meet the needs of the ocelupants of the boidding, hoth with regerd to their domestic ss wall ns flumbing ; of sanitary appliancea) requiterpeoth.



 It5 Lure par capile pat dry-
 congomet tap.
 bullding.
\$,2 Eptronte of Dranind tend - The demand Joad idr water apphy
 fittings varies not oply for diffrcent clane of buildieng but aito ia the same ctayp of buildings depending upon the thabies of ihe people. The minitrow flow that wilf be patigfectery for ntry part of the premives will greatly depend upan the consumer, hix standard of living. his professional needic, the tize of the family and other ancilliary requirement, such at pardening-
5.2.1 The water uapply requitemedis for repidented and-for buildingt other than meaidereta bave been apecitied in 18:1172.1989*, Whereas in the caut of buildinge other than reaidences, the nuruber of persons normally required to occupy the sance is usazlly itnobin; in the ctase of reaidences, the uniber of persons oceupying the pretactite warlea lagely from place to place. In many large citien, liverc is over-crowding in raidertial puildjngs. The requirentents stipulated in this wode are baued upan an average fanily of 5 and . consumption of 1000 litres per one dwalling unit. Thus if a building coataits led dwelling unlts, the requirement of water has been caten at to oflo litres per day.
5.5 Rate of Flow - Dne of ibe important itema that beeds to be determined before the sizes of pipet and firting for any part of the wauce piping pyatem may be decided upon, in the rate of fiow in the service pipe which, in turn depends upon the number of honey for which the mupply in availoble at eroficiently high presture. If the gumber of holars for which the mupply in ayridable is lew, there will be Irgege number of fittings in ure. mimultaneously add the rate of fiow will be coprespondiaglif large.

5:3.1 The data required for determining the alate of the comaposicatinn noth spriag pipe are ( $n$ ) the maximum mate of discharge yequired, (b) the leagh of the pipe, (a) the head may fry fiction in than lengh, and (d) the rougbnem of the interior surface of the pipc. In determintiag dore bacad lath by friction, allowance thal be made for the elevation oir the intate worlas in relation to the avtilable premure in the waler main and of the Jowser in firingh, woch as beade, ctop-tapt, meters $[$ tok $15: 2951$




### 5.4 Dinelay

5.1.1 Several formulac, diagrams and ables of enloulated vahut are available for the messurement of flow through piper. However, almoat all studies based on the Reynold number of flow, piper roughers and flow

[^1]pattern (like Iutbulent, transient, lamianar) yirlds meturate and mutually concistent teanlis over a very latge range of the flow compared to emperionl formulae which bave limitations regarding their renge of applicability, Although лол-dimensinal parsmeters are userk, these rational formulat baved an Rayoodd mumber need infonnation on viacosity and the calculauions are more involved. Tu obviate the involved calculatiuns, a univeral pipe friction diagrand as prescribed is 1S: 2951 (Part 1)-1965" and 15: 2951 ( Parl 2)-1955t may be followed.
5.42 Temperature of water and, convequently its vinerasity at a place ik an extrecuely vatiable fatar, depending ypon season add time. Furber, connmercially available standatad tiaes of piper are only to be ued aganur the size a.rived at by actual desige. Therefort, several emperical formulac are ured, even though they give lexs accurate resulcs. The thazen and Willizn iarmula and the chats brased on the usme may bre ured without any risk of inaceuracy in view of the fact that the pipes narmatly to be used for water supply are of smatler sizes. Nomogram of Hared and Mifliant's equation lias beten provided in Appestix C.

## f. MATEREALS, FITTINGA AND APPLIANCES

6.1 Stuoduds for Matartala, Fictingi and Applimere - All matterialn uned in the contritation of anty of the worke or any of the eppliances deparibed in this code shall conform to the relevant Incian Standards whree svailable in so Iar as these stondardy are applicable, Whare no such standardy exist, the materials shate bee of the quality anol warkmacoship acceptable to the Authrotity, and shall be open tr inspection at the manufactures's workx before despatch.
6.2 Matetialt for Plpes - Pipes may be of any of the foltroving materiahs:
a) Ciast inon, vertically satt or etentrifupally ( spatri) cast (tee IS: 1536-1976 $\ddagger$ and IS : 1537.1976s;
b) Stetl ( lined or coated with bitumen or hituminnus mampoxition and out-coated with cement concrete of mortar, whete necemary)



[^2]d) Prestrexted anncrete ( see IS : 784.197日");
 19794]i

1) Copper (sw IS : 3.545-19152\% ;

hij Wromght irent:

k) Lead [ se4 IS: 404 ( Part I $^{\text {I })-1977 * * ~] ; ~}$


6.2: In chonsing the material far piping and fitings, account shall be taken of the chatacter of the water to be convered through it, the oature of the ground in which the pipinge a to be laid ausd the eclative roat as europhted with its usefinl life. The material thall be resistant to corrotion, bolh ibside and outside or shall be suitably protected againat corrotion.
 monst of the waters is India are plumbra solvent and are liable to cquel lead prixaning. Letad piping may, huwever, lo used For illuhing and overfow pipes. It is liahte 10 corrotion on contace with Geeh cenient morlar pr canterte and shill be procected by wrapping with a prosective uluaterial which uril also permit muverment due to expantion and contraction.
6.2.3 Catprex pipiag entay be used parcicularly in hut water inctallations provided water ib not capable of dissolviog an uodut amotnt of topper.
6.2.1 Ablesh>s cement pipes may be usedi lowever. adequane sefeguardy should be takkn while laying barkfiling ( fee [S ; 6.53(0-1972 ill).

[^3]6.2.5 Mild ritel ubbe ured it plumbing ayttem thall be of mediun chays confortaing to IS: 1299 ( Part 1)-1979".
C.2. Polythent pipes and PVI pipes should not be leid on bot turface or in too close a proximity of hot water pipes. Care pontud aho be taker to ayoid locations where they are likely to be exposed to atmospheren charged with cosi ges [ exe 18: 7fis (Paxt 2)-1975] and 1S: 7fis ( Payt 9)-1975 ].

## 7. CONYEPANCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF WATER WTHHTN THE PREMIRES

7,1 Beace Prizaiplea - Some of the details of plumbing whith are considered seteanay for properly deagiged, acceppably intailed and sdequa. triy maintained plumbing aystemb are given in 7.2 to 7.12 . Though the detaih of contruction may vary, the bastic mitary mad safety primciples are the same, and they merit seriow study. Furthernore, in the event of any unforeveen situation not tovered by spetific provisionn pan tha rode, the principle emmerated may setve as usefill guidar.
7,2 Wholesmet watet supply provided for drinking and culinary purtposts whall tot be liable to contamination from any less satiffactory water. There shall, therefore, be mo croasicannection whatsoever between n pipe or friting loe conveying or condaining wholesprne water and a pipe of fisting for consaining impure water or water liable to coblamination of of uncertain quasity or water which bas beeth used for arty purpose. The provisfor of reftux or bob-resim valves or clowed and sealed brop yalves shall not be contorued at a permissible substitute Ior complote abeance of atiosscontrection.
25 The deaign of the pipe wotk thall be auch that bere is an pasibibility of backflow towatids the tsucce of supply from any citeter or appliance whether by tiphenage or otherwise. Reflux or non-recturn valves ahall not be relies upos to prevent such hackflow.
7.4 Whert a tupply of whaleome water in required an an alternative or stand. ly wa a supply of lens satisfactary water ir is required to be mixed with the latere, it shall be delivered only into a cistern, and by a pipe of fitting discharging inte the air gap at a height above the top edge of the cintern equal to twice fres rominal bore, and in no caso leve than 150 mim. It b aecessary to madneain a definite air gap in all appliances of taps umd in water-closels.

[^4]7.5 All pipe work ahalt be sa detigned, lald or fiked, and maintsined as to Fic and to remain apmpletel $\%$ watertight, thereby avoiding waste of water, damage to property and the sisk of contanination of the water ennweyed.
7.6 Nin piping shall he laid of lixed so as to past into, thrimght or adjoining any sewer: scour oualde or draia of any manimie connented dierewith nor thrnugh any aul pit or manture pit of any material of stuch nature that wutd be Jikely to catec undut deterioration of the pipe, except as permitted itt 7.7.
7.f.I Whitere lines have to be laid in relose froximity to ele ctric cables or in corrolive soile: adequate precautions should be taken to avoid electrical accidente and corrosion.
7.7 Whroe the laying of any pipe through contosive soin or perviou mate tist is unavnidable, the pipink shall le properly protected from contant wida sucti xill ur noterial by being cearied through an exterior fart iton sube yo by game othet suidable means an appaqued by the Authority. Any exisiug piuing or fitsing laid or fixed, which does not cmomply with the about requirements, shall be removed itnancdialedy by the constamer and relaid by him in conlormity with the alowe requircuntot and to the saris「action of the Authority.
T.a In desigting and plansing the layout of the pipe work, due attention slatl lace kiven to the nuximum rate of discharge, jequited emmamy in labout and materialb, protection pagainst damage amd cortosion, protection
 uxsighaly artanyereret.
7.5 To ceduce frictional Insses, pifing shas ducas suraoth as possible inside. Methods of jointing shall be susth isy to aviend intertal reughtess bend projection at the joints, wheticer of the jainting thaterials or otherwise.
7.10 (thange in diamecer and in direction shail preferably be gradual ratber thara sbrupt to averid undue less of head No brad or ciuree jo Pring shadi be made which it likely to materially diminish mr alter the r.russ-stegtiva.
7.11 Undecgroumd piping shall be laid at such a depth that it is unlikely to the dameged by firas or chafic lostis and vibertions. It shall not be laid in ground liable we subsidence, but where such ground cannet be nowided, speciat precautions shall be taken to aumid damage to the piping. Where piping tus to be laid acrass recently dipturtied ground, the ground shall be iharouglily tumsolidated $\mathbf{z o n}$ in provide a gaptiounus and eyen suppart.
7.12 No lociler for getmating steam or cloxed lmilers of any deseription or any machituery slatl be supplied direct from a semvice or suppty pipe. Every such boiler or machinery shall te suppled from a feed cisiern.

## th GENERAL AEQUREMENTS FOR PIPE WORK

. 1 Gearal - The followint tencral principlen shad] apply in the byyut asd planning of the pipe worl:
L.1 Any pripe pring underocround should bave alequate onver.
B. 122 Every communication pipe shall have iarerted is in, in an acereuible paition, a stop oock of the prestibed kind, having an rere ni watterway at leant equal to the jalemp rectional prea of the copropunication pipe. It ahould be fired with a tower or guard box so at to be ancessible tor the Authority,

E1.5 Where the aeryice pipe in of dlameter lexs than 30 mm , the atop valven thall be of the brew-down type and ohall have jagse water plates


D.l. In Iats and terberentu mpplied by a canmon tervice plpe, a stop tap shatl be fixed to comrol the branch to each aeparately orcupiod payt. In large buildinges a sufficient aumber of stop valvet shall be fixed on tmenfi pipes, and to control groups of ball valves and draw off taps, to an to मuinimize interruption of the auply during repaits. All such stop walver that lie fared in actenible ponitions and praperly protected from belit rampered with; they may be tof the gate type to minimize lost of head by fration.
8.1.5 Whater for drinking or for antinary purpoted shall riot, at far as ponible, path through any cintern, and, therefore, direct taps supplying woler for thete purpoises shall be on branch pipea connected directly to the uervise plpe.
 drop of presuire on the anction side therebl' affecting the stipply to the adjoiting propertien. In cases where pumping is required a properly protected storage tank of adequate capacity bhall be provided to feed the pramp.
 lock, to that all piping and Attiog above ground cat be completely emptied of water to facilitate repaist. There ahal be draining taps or draw-off tapl ( aci underground ) at the lowert peirsts, from which the
 (where prowited ) at the high poimtr.

[^5]
 diall he inscalled as far distant us porsible fion the living moms of the liousn and shall be housed in sound-pronf calhens. The plapming of the Lnildisty shall allow for stech arapgements. High veleseity of irater in
 possible, to coms where appliaticex art fixed jo shall have exsy hends, and whete gietoess m jurti"ulatly desited, holdex bats or climpa shall be jatulated livas alie pipilag by suitable pads.
8.1.9 The rising pipe to the storage ciatern, if any. ©n any [fed rijstern
 Ifon: witidegws ur ventidators.
8.L.ID Jiping shall bre in ircated that it ja not unduly exposed wo arcidental damage, ind shall be fixed in such positions as to facilitant 1Fcaning and avoid accumulacions of dirt.
 inspertans, tephatembat and rejitic. To atroid its laning uraighty, it is uscally posibile to arrange in jn or adjarent to cuphouds, recesses, etc,


 is eiven agaits damaye and that no paints are lywirc. It piping is laid in cucts of chases, there shafl tee enough space to foecilitate sepairs ind shall be sy cemstructed as to pervent the eaby of vermin. To facilitase zempival of pipr cating, licus bexirts covering fïping ghall be fiked with , crews or brides.
W.1.J2 Whern it is neceseaty for a pipe to pase through a wall or tow, a sievere shald be fixte therein for reception of the pape and to altow
 ut Litenber floors sinall, where possib|e, be parallel with the jaits.
Q. 1.13 [s buidings twere it is deairable to bave some iffenm nif ideaditying the uss uf dur various pipes, they shall be painted in arcerdance with Arpetulis: 1 ( see afra IS : 2379-1969").
8.2 Prohibited Connections - A strvice pipe thall not be compecten into rny distribution piger unch cundection may permit the backfow of water fiom an ristern jume the service pipe, in cernain circtanstantes, widh
 might also result in pipes ard fittingy being subjected to a prossure highty than that for whicl, they are deaigried, a ad in foowling froin overfiowing cisterna.

[^6]1.2.I No pipe For conveyance or in connection with water supplied by the Autherity shall contmaticate with any other receptaine used or capable of being used for the converance oflot dian water supplaed by the Autharisy.
3.2.2 Where storage tankt are provided no perton shall connect or be pernitited to conncet any tervice pipe with avh diatributigg pipe.
\$2.3 Nn stryice pipe ahall be condected to any water-stisel or urinal. All such supptirs shall be from flushing cisteris which shall ber suppleen Gram atarage tank (tat 12.3).
4.2.4 No sersice of supply pipe thall be conbeced directly to xpy hotwater systomo or to any agparatub used for hetaings other than through a feed cistera thereaf, This thall also apply to every gas producet, ges
 which water supplied by tie Authorily may be heated.

## 9. L. 1 YING OF MALNS AND PIFES ON SITE

9.1 Eneavation and Rabiling - The botown of the trench excavations ahall be carefully prepared ao that the batt do ol the pipes, wheth laid, are well bedded for their whote lenglo on a firy surface and are Uue to tine and gradient. The width of the excavalion shall be tunficient to allow the piper th be properly laid and juinted, joints luales beion made where atetelyry-
 fime stleated material, well ranmed sn as tis rewist sulasequent movement of the pipes. No stones thall- bee in enntact with the pipres, and winen the excavation ir in Jock, the bottom shall be cut deep enough to perrsit the pipea to be bedded on alayer of tine selerted matriatl, or i especjally where thete is a stecp gradient; on a iayer of concrete.
 earefully cleared of all foreign mattrs before lieirng laid. flary shall be thoroughly brached out internal|y with a well-fitting larid lerusla, and after thying the open end shald be trmporarily pluggell wo prevent angress of witer, sail, cre, prepaution shall be taken to prevent fipatation of the plugged pipes, should the trench berocre flooded.
9.2.1 Any coating, sheathing or witapping of the pipex shald be examined for damage and repaired, where nectesary, and halitatso be made continurous over lur jopints.
9.2.2 Concrett Piper and Cant Irea Plpee - Pipes should be laid in atcurdance with the requiremente given in IS : 763-1959* and IS: 3114. 1965才: respuctively.

[^7]9.3 Laylag Undergrownd Malm - Where the trench in on at ikpe, fipe laying thall proced in an 'tyhill' direction to facilitate joint inatring.

9\$1 Except in the case of small piper under low pressure, thruat Hoern of concrete shall be formed at al] bencs to toanmit the bydraulit thruat: on to undesturbed fround and to spread it over a mblinemt ares. Whent the hydrauije thrust ie in ant upward direction, anthor-blockn of mufficiept weight shall be prosided to whech the pipes shall be secuted with sted setaps. The displacing forcet in the maina due to erd and radial finot on beade are gived in Appendin E .
9.1 sarface Boxen - Irun surface boxes thall be provided to give moces
 concrete or brickwerk which thall inot be allowed to reat on the gipes and tranbmit traffic loads to them, allowance being made for setrlement Verical iron gured pipes may le popvided to croclost the apindien of shuice valves. It it moc generally necessary enaicely to cocloge the valyen and
 shall be of yufficient dincosions to permit repairs being andied out to the fittings.

0,41 If the sarfact box, mounted on a gaard pipe, is froed ower the undergronind stop valve menely to wive acocess for operating the latter, the jimited space provided hy this arragtontat will not pernut the repacking of the stop valves gland on wher repring to be carried out with excavation. The guard pipe may be supported on briche, and sbould nol rest on the tupply pipt.

95 Metert - If the service pipe is to be melered, the mettre may be provided nad fixed by the Authority. Private meter of approyed type mity be permitted to be uted aubject to such conditions at the Authority may preacribe. Meters of domestic sype shall cooforion to the requirements of is : 779-1978t. Meters of lyilk type thall contorm the reguremestas of [S : 2373.1981* The meter shall be jastalied in aterochante with IS : 240k1973s. The weter thatt be fitued beyond the sbopocrat with unians to Gacilitate the necesary prriodie changing of the weter. If futed in an exprowed frisitiant cutuide the buibding, the meter shall be housed in water meifer boxes canforming to IS : 2104,1991F.

[^8] be connected to wains by meabs of right-angled acdev-down ferrule of nun-
 le move thate 23 man bore. Fernale of 20 triva buse and above shall ont be ustd in maina of dess than 100 mon bore. The mesin sa drited suld tapped and the ferrule serewal $i t$. Irt cuse of latge-sized trusk buathe. Dhis mny te doae by a tapping under ptemure machune, whir.h will ghwiate nny interfertrice with the use of the main,
 special T-btenches which luate to le inserted into the line of the main. Special branch pipes shail] also be used For service pirces of toss than sin man
 seryise pipe.
96. In the process of intating or thpairity any part of a plumbing inctallation, the fuished fierory, walla, ceilings, ule-wuik or any uther part or the building of preusiaes, which thal] be changed or teplaced, slatll be left in a pre utrurtural ronalition in armarfanire with the requiremenus of the relemant bodes and any buidding bye-laws apprnved by the Antherity, All exteriar uperinugh privided fur thic panage ad pipi shall lie praprity sealed.
S.s. Precautions against contaprination of the mains shall he taken when making a romanction, atul where any risk existe, the masin shall ber subequtentif disiniected (se 13.1 and 13.2 ). The underpraund water
 divanct spart to the satiffaction of the Authority so as to prevent rontrmintion of water. Wiater servite pipes ar any underground watrer pipes shald not be nage pipe. Whete thiv it mavoidable, luc [ivl]uwing cutiditiutu salall be fulfilled:
a) The boutnon of the water service pipes, at al pxints, shall be at Iean 90 rat above the top of the gewer line at it luiglacat puint.
b) The water service pipe shald be placed on a solid bhell exravated at one bide of the compron tuerch,
e) The anmber of joints in the service pipe thall le kept ta a minismurn.
d) The matcrials and joints of aewer and water service pipe shald be thetalled in such a manner and shall powess then neressaty strength atad durability su fo to prevent tle texape of todids, liquids, and gaser therefruin due totemperature changed, stilenacat, vitratianas and superimposed loada.

[^9]9.6.1 The reprice pipe stall pas into or ierneati the building at a ciepth below the external ground level of not less than 0.75 no (provided the foundation is reesper than 10.75 m ) and as ite point of entry tluruth the strucpure shout be accommodaied in a aleeve which should have presiously been solidly built in. The ppace between tbe pipe and the aleeve. ahald io filled with bituminous or other suitable unaterial for a minimum lengit of lis can at both ende.
9.6.5 Carestall te taken to ensure that before che pipeline is charget ali piping and fittings are elean internally, and [ete from particles of annd or soil, Jictal littings. chips, etc, which besidas causing obstructionat may lead wisture by corrosion.
9.7 Securiag and Sopporting of Plper - Lead pipiorg of not more than 25 mm bore, in vertical suas, Musy be secured dirmet to briek walla (iother then excerial walls') by man pipe clamps driven into the wall ioints, of may be aecured to wooden katlens or otber wood werk by iron or brays cips with ears for screw fixing, the claapps or clips or hodder bats being at
 shall he qrevented by the insertion of stratl lead pach.

9,7al Copper piping slall be stcured by copper or copper-altoy clipat Hisert to wood work, or lyy simular brackececlipe built-in to walls of aceewed to plugs.
 to chat used for copper piping, rexerpt that the clips shall be of iron or sterl.
9.7.3 Plastic pipts should the secured and suppared in arcordance with the ternumendaxions given in IS ; 7694 ( Patt 2 \}-1975* and IS: 7634 ( Part 3 jal $97.5{ }^{\circ}$.
 or chaves in walls for piping shall be provided during the building of the walls. If they are cut in existing walls, they oball be finished auficiensly smooth and kirge ranugh for tixing the piping. In the case of lead pipel, the joints may hre wifrd outside the duct, and the pipe tased bach inuo thr duct after ja-inting.
9.8.1 Whatriver posabile back-boards shatl be provided in chases Eur fixing the piping: otherwise lead piping aball be protected from contact with lime or rement by buidding paper or felt. Where covers art grividrd to rhases. they xhall be fixed with gerews tor tasy removal.

[^10] Fetwre, and and be free to enpand and contrad without moise dve to friction of the wood.
 attached is wallis, it thall be entirely tevered alroind with waterpoor intar. leting materle! and mall not be it ditest contact whib the wall. Where th papes hrough o wall, whether into a building or not the lafging ahall be costimued alang the pipe throughoust the thicfntan of the watl, and where it efinerge-from the ground, the lafging shall be conlinued itits the groand untid the depth or $0 \% \mathrm{~mm}$ it reached.
9.9.1 Lagged piping connected to citterits, enchoted by ibtulating casing shall para at right angles through the cating and be lagged Indepenciently of the cosing if the piping is anndwiched between the cistern and the casing, it will, probably, not ber sufficiently insulated.,
9.9.2 The minimum thickness of intutatiog material for lagging botwater piping inside buildings shall be 12 min in the case of glass in fibre form, cormpresped ielt, and felted iligg or mincral wool and 200 mm in the case of asbertids, BS petcent magrexin, wompresed backed conk and kTanulated cark \{ raw or baked \}.
9.9. AD lagging exposed to molat monditions thall be whterproor or covered with is waterproof wrepping.



## E. JOINTING DP PIFES

18.1 Clast Indo Pipen - The trigot and adcket joints of tall lron pipes tre tually caulked with lead. The common form of joint it made hy first esulking in apwn yan, then filling the apmoe left in the joint by runaing in molten lead, faking cave that no droa enters the joint, and thex thowiugily coulting the lead. The apun yaro thall be chean and sterile and the lead whill confarm to $15: 782.1978=$. The lead metd oot criend into the joint further than the back of the troove formed in the socket.
10.1. IThe $\quad$ קungarn is und to centre the apigot in the wotket, to prevent the flow of molten lend into the bore of the pipe, to reduce the smpunt of lead required to complete the Joint and to make the joint whlertight. Sgrum yarn anay become infetted with bacteris, which may apolaminate the wister and, thetefore, thall be eftectively sterilized before use by being expoed to the vapours of 40 percent formaddetiyde in se mirtight chamber for not kes then 3 hour. Altanatively, propritary bratis

[^11]of ateritized ipsen youn may be used. Threatied fead or lead wire or strip may be ufed instead of apun yam, thus producing $\equiv$ molid lead joint. Lead tovernd yam raty tho be uned which does not have the dinadyan. taget of plajn yarm. Gold land may be taullets intd the joint space first folowed by apon yain, and the joint then completed with end or maiten ERad.

17,1.1.1 Rubber ring jointa may alac be thitable wherever there is in prowision for them in the apigot made by the manufacturer.
10. 122 Gaulking may be done with perumair tools or with a hind hammer weighing the lesa than 2 kg. When working with leat whol, it is very imporiant to ure caulking tools of appraprinte thichnept to fill the jaint prace, and to thiroughy concotidate the pintetal from the back to the frone of the sockec. Lead run joiad shall be preferably finithed $\$$ mp behind the soclet face.


14.1.\$ Csut iten pipes may also be jointed by meana of flatiges of cast iron and steel pipts with flanges welded-on.
10.1.4 Flanged jcinte ahall be made with jointing ringa of good quality, snooth, hard, comporetsed filte board (not kes than $1^{-5}$ man thick $)$ and of much width at to fit inside the circle of bolts. The rings sthrll be natened thinly whth graphite paste. Alterantively, the jointing rings may be of rubber of rubber inaertion or gutco-percha, of may be cotrugated
 be carefully lightened, in apposite pairs, watil the joint ring is otly just
 joint under the devired water pronture.
16.1.5 Srveral proprietary flexible jointo ate avalinhle for jeipiting tant iron plpes and thepe may be used with the apecifice approval of the Authority. However, they shall be used atictly in mecordance with the marufacturer's instractions.
(0.E.6 For folnts in small diafreter wought iron or ateel piping and can iron piping, copper-allay acrewed unions of ferrola ahall be used and far large dianeteri, the joint tholl be made by fanged coanecting pieces.
10.2 Welded Steel Plpen - Pisineneded aved piplng may be jointed by weelding except whete the plping is provided with a lining which wotald be damaged by heot (sed is : 5022-1970 ) .
 of ateel pipinis is jointed with zrewred and wocketed joins, uing forewing

[^12]Gitting of wonught iten, steet or nalaleable cast irons. Care shall be taten wo remove any bust ienm the eads of pipee atter acrewing. A jointing sompound, which may lee pote wf the many proprittary niakes, may be used according to the maker's insuructions togethes widh a grumant of in few utrands of fine yar n, but compounds coataitister red lead shall not be used because of the danger of contamination or the water. Any threeds exposed afler joiatiang ahall be painced, or in the case of underground piping, thickly coated with bituminesus or other suatalle cundpasition to prevent con rosion.

10434 Screwed wrought iron or steel piping may also be joineed with screwed thanges of wrought iron, seel or cast irom.
14.4 Asbeaton Cemeat Plpes - Asbestes centent pipes are juinted with fluxible jointe supplied by the pipe makers.
14.5 Copper Pipen - Screwed copper piping ahall be jointed with screwed ropper-alloy fittings. The screw thrends of the pipe shad] be cleaned cut and the joint made by screwing the fittings on afier first treating the thicads with raw linsed oil or other zuitable jointing compound. Alternatwely; dic serew theeads of the pipe and the fittulge may be tinned, and the joint heated to the raeliurg poim of the solder when beith tcrewed.
10.5.1 Plane renpper pipiluk shall be jainted with compression (manijxalative or son-mampulative ) or widt capilary joints, it each case using cuefrel-alloy fitings, or by welding. Only manipulative comprossion jounts, that is, joinss in whish the pipe endi are flanged, belled or swaged, iate soilabie for use with fully annealed copper piping.
10.5.2 In the case of the capillary joint, the pipe end arad the intrion of the sockec of the fitting shall be cleaned with ateel wool, Alused, and fitted together, and the joint then heated to jusi above the melhing point of the sadler, which is either provided in the fitting or is couclied inte the joint with a wolder suick, and which then flows by capilatity to ill the joint space. If the , pipe is of fuly antuzaled copper, its ends shall be made truly raurd before jointing-
10.5.3 It is importunt diat the carrect yize of fittings io used to zuit dyc pominisiaize of the pipr.
50.5.4 Cojper piping may be autugenous welded or bronze wellded, the latter giving the sirunger jowint The piping enay be jointed directly ur by the use of weldathr corpper or s:npper allay fintiggt. The weldiak thay be
 a suitable flux. Bronze rod shall be genuine bronze which is not likely to fall by dezincification. Copper puping may be welded to cax urass futings by this method. Copper to be welded shall be 'deoxidized copper ' and
 only.
15.5:5 Copper piping of monall diameter thall be jointed th cast iroh, wrought iron, or ateed pipitg by the une of copper-alloy prewed uniont in ferrules. For actewed popper pipling of diameter, iarger than about fil men, a flaged joint thall be tued, the copper pipe shall have a copper alloy flange screwed, brased ot welded on, aird this shall be jointed to the iron or ofed flange by alloy bollu ot auth.
14.6 Lead Pipeal - Lead and lead altay piping ahall be jointed with wijed ;older Jointe or by other mitable meihoata
10.0.t Lead and lead alloy piping bhald be jointed to cart inom, whought jron, itest or copper piping by the wee of sopper gllay serewed unions or fermiles
to. 7 Comerth Flypt - Coocrete pipep ghall be joinctid it actordanca

10.8 Poblyalyltewo and Uaplaptidxed PYC PJpea - These pipes iball be jopnted in secordance with the peconumendations given in $18: 7634$ (Part 2 ) $\mathbf{1 9 7 5}$, sud 1S: 7634 ( Pare 3)-1975f, reapertively.

## 12. STORAGE OF Winter

Lhi Papponen for Prowiding Scorme - In a building, pravision is required io be made for surage dif water tor one or more of the following геаю口:
a) To provide againat intertuption of the supply cauted by repaita to maintu etcy
b) To reduce the maximuan rate of demand on the mains
c) Tu lide over periods of intermitlent supply; and
d) To maintain a storage for the fret figlting requirement of the building.
11.2 Materiale for Congeration of Buarate Tualise - Thay shall he conarueced of iron, wrought iron or witd saed plares or sheetr and ahall be mode watetight without the ube of puty. The materials used shall be of anficirnt gtyength and thicknem. Reinforced cenment concrete tank of tanki made of any other mitable building material toay be allewed as rtornge tanks.
11.2.1 Tantr made of gelvanized steel sheets may be of welded, riveted or preased construction, The presuedesteel tanks are notmally 12i) ctn
"Codt of prettice for leying al coocrete pipen.
tCode of practice for pliuica piptwork for parable water axplia
Part 2 Laying and jolaning polyethylene ( PE ) plpes
Part I Laying and joiadias of unpinikised PVC pifme.
squere, the thicknem of sheet vatifing eccording to the depth of the tenk. Trake with exterbal flanger ate mote convesiebt except where space in limited or where it is required to ercel thesi direct on to a flat roof or floor. Where spetial mizen of tants are necosaryy, these are provided for by the use of the tpecial गnating-up placet a llowing conwiderable vaiation in ixe. If of lion or ateel, the metal shall be galvanized or conted intertrally wilh bitumincus composition or oher suitalile materiat or a kibd which docer not impart a bate or odpur to the water, eppocially if the has been chlorinated, and Eaternally with a prood gnality suti-cortorive westhenrexating paint, Lead lined tanks lhatl hou be ueal. Recinagular preated ateel tanle atall conform to the requirementr gived io IS: "BO4 1967 .
 the procribed kind and shall at all time be made and at all time be unelniained watertight and matll be property covered with a dosed fiting duat, light and mosguito-proof lid fired with a lock nod hey and shall be provided with a wound and qnitable ball vatee conforming to $1 \$: 1703$. 1977† reeurely fixed to the lank and seet in ruch a proxilion that the bendy of the ball valve cannot becomo ubberteded when the cistern is full up to the water tine. Every valve shall be so adjusted as to Jimit dir level of the water in the cirreen to 25 mm below the lip of the warning or overflow pipe A top valve conforming to LS: 7ht-1977 shaz be provided at new the tank as practirable on every uulte pipe from a storage tank, excepting on the wasints pipe.
11.4 Warnigg Pipen of Storagy Tenkn - Every tank thati be provided with an efficient manquitr-proot watning pipe. The nuthed of the warning pipe shall be in sujh a postition ouside the buildiny so will allow the duebbarge of water froun such warning pipe being readily seen. The patition of the waraing pipe cfiall not be changed except with the permission of the Authority. The outlet of the warning pipe thall be not jas than fol cma above any drain, nink or gully ower which the' same may be fixed. Na averfiow pipe shat be atlowed to be counceted direetly to any drain or pewer, nor dhall il discharge on to any aueer. All waming pipe unions athall be not leta than 20 mm in bore to fixed that the botom of the plpe will be $\mathbf{2} 5 \mathrm{~mm}$ phowe the hop water level. In every utorage vetsel, the waler line shatl be set betou' the owerlowing leved of the wampitith piper or of the averlow pipe if thecre is to warnigg pipe, at a distamet of not leas that 25 ram or of not less than the internat diameter of the plpe, wlichevter id greater.

[^13]11.5 Freviefor of Stop Valven - Stnrage tankes stald be proctided with a stop vaive or teop tap at every oulet orher ihan overfow pipes, so that thete shall be no thecesuity to etnpty the vessel to eoable repairs to be carried out to the downiake pipes, fitings, ctc. Such valyes of lape sball preferably be full-way gate valvet so as not to implose any undue obstruction of the fow of the water. A erop vilves shall be provided on the ituet connection alke to facilitate 7 tuppung of flow tenpporarily in the event of improper functiocing of ball valoe of for cleartialg of toraget tank.
11.6 Ponition of Storage of Tank! - Every storage tank used or fared in connection with tie water supplied by the duthority shalf be easily accessible and placed in such parition is to admet of worough imspection and cltariang, aund if placed within the houre or buitding, it shall have a clear pate oor not lest than 60 cin between the top of the cintern and ceiling, ratter or moof. Hi the rapaceity in tank in bigger than 506 litres, a greater clear apace shall be provided.
11.6.1 In cases where overhead storage tanks are supported on roof slab of the building, carefud iutpection and calculation shall be cartied out to aqcatizin whether the spucture of the building is of suffeient slrength to take the incteaned tood. The tanks shatl le preteratly rupported on bearets 8 s as to distribute the load. The weighe of the tank, and ita contenis of water shalt be calculated and taken into account in the design of bearers and supports. Where lyearects are ued as supporis, the height sbail not be less than 200 mm clear space.
 5000 ], it badvantageous $\omega$ a aradge it in a serits of latiks or in compartments so inter-conmected that each can be isolated for cleaning and inspection wihtotut interfering with the eupply of water. This can conveniently be done ly the ute of a beader pipe to which eacd tankjconnparement it connected and from which the dibuibuting pipar branch off, each branch into and out of the header pipe teing prowided with a slop valve. Exch cant;'onmpartment shall have its own float-aperated valve and overflow pipe, and a draining valve to faciliate cleasoirs, out. Ir it often
 togethet in thin way. In large sworage tanke, the outlet shat be at the end apposite the inlet, to avoid stagnation of the water. In high sise buibdingt, shorage tanks maty be placed in different tiers to enture more oquitalile proture distribution of witle.
11.4 Proivielon of Ontiets - The outlet pipe shall be fixed 50 to 75 tur abowe the botiom of the taish and wooided pieferably with copper gwige
 of the tant at its loweat point. The floor of the taok rhall be crected so as to give a alight fall to the wish-aut pipe for elesning puppouct.
11.0 1'rdargramed Acprage Tmaky - When buried or undergtound slasage anks are used far thr storage and recrption of water for dompentic purposet, the following requirements shall be complied with:
n) The qank shall project at lear 30 cm above the higbopat food level. Where elus is not possible dit ctaniloole cover thall be raised 30 cm about the higheat ftood level of the locality or ground ievel whirhewer is higher.
b) The design of the tank sball be such an la provide for the draining of the tank when necessary and water thall pot be allowed to collece tound about the tank.
c) The tank shal! he perfendy wateright.
d) The inner turface or the tank thall be reqdered monolh af far as posaible
e) The top ní the tank thall be at levelled at to prevent accumulacion of water therton,
i) The tank thall have a connphete cement fongete ofover jexving a manhole opening provided with a Pr 口perly fitting mospuilu-prow hinged cast jren cover fited widh a leakproof catr irun frame. Where tank is of a 1arge size, adequabe nutuber of manholes bhall be provided.
8) No igap thalt be allowitd to remain round the suction pipe and arrangement shall be provided fir proper diacharge of apill water frem the electric purmp by tonnetinn the pelmp talibin to the water drain, or by prowiding a mand] hole which will esabie due water to thow aut.
b) The overflow pipes or vent shafts, if provideri, shall have $\pi$ wiregauge coser of $1 \cdot 3$ mon tiesh properly screwed tishty to the opening.
II.16 Jeintiong of Bipan to Storage Tanks - For jointing etecl pipe tu a striage tank, the end wi the pipe shall be threaded, passers thiough a hole in the tank and tectured ly backnutg both inside and outride. The pipe end shall be flasth with die lace of the inside lackenut tornviate coriosion of the pipe thresds. Foe jointing copper pipe to arecl or copper tank a connector pi nor-tie roous metal shall be used having a bhoulder to bear: on the outside of the fank and secured by a backnut jakide.
11.11 Scorage Capacitien - The quastity of watter to be stored shall be calculated taking into account the following factors:
a) Hinars of supply at sufficiently high pressute to fill up the averhead storage tintis;
b) Frequency af replenishment of averhead tarks, dusing the 24 hours;

## c) Fate and regularity of rupply; fand

d) Compequences of exhauting storage particularly in cate of public buildinga like hospótals.
If the water supply is interaittent and lut hours of supply are irreqular, it is desirable so have a minimurn storeage of hall-a-day's sapply for ovethead tanks.

TLIL,I The particulats of water supply requirement of residential buildings and of buildings other than rexidemess are given under 3.1 and $\mathbf{3 . 2}$ of $1 \mathrm{~S}:=1172.1983^{\circ}$. It has bren stijpulated that, whert there is fult fuching syatem a minimum of 200 litest per head per day shall be anurent out of which about ts litete per head per day may be taken as Burhiog

 cexamp to have sepstate atorgge for thabing and stritary purpobes. In puch cana when only one torage tank lias betn provided, tepping of wetre may be done at two different levels so that a parc of the waser will be exclusively aysilable for flushins purpoect.

## 11. 12 Pmaping af Whter

11.12.1 In case or multi-storey buildings, where the height of the fiting or aterage tank is such as will not permit of thrir being fect with the avail. able petsured in the water pain: petmping iv necendary. The bout geruje pumps afe uasaliy af the tentrifugal type driven by clectric osotors, where electric power is awaidable.
11.12.2 In caber where pumping is necessary, 日torage tank shall be provided tither at the grourd ferel or partially buried untierground, in which ease it shall conlorm to the requitements given under 11.9 for underground storage tankt. The torage tank should have a minibuam raparity of 50 percent of the overlead storage tamb. The advantage of the storage thac is that it can be fed contioneubly during low pressure hours aind, therefore, the pump can be hinked at enfy lime of the day and the oucrhtad atorage may be replenithed continunusly. The pump alog works at a steady bearl and thtae is no chatce of nverlnading.

## 12. W笽TKR FHTTNGE AND APPLLANGES

12.1 Bath, Lavatory and Mixlag Tapa - Dath, lavatory and mixing taps shall generally comply with the requirements specified Eor bib tapt in

[^14]IS ：7at－1977＊．Combination lapa，orixing valvet（ has IS ：1701－1960t \} or blenderi，for mixing hot and cold water and diecherging the mixoure through a single ouder thall be fed with both hor water and cold water under frosure andy fram cistemt at the marie lovel or from the same

 todly fails．To enarfe patisfactory rexulta from mich fittings，it is slop desirsbere that the feed pipe diact nat alma fred ather fitings．
 tapa and ather special fiteibets of makes apprnved hy the Authurity may bob permited to be uted on direct pipes and distributing pipes Gom tanke． Ecifeclosiog tapa thall be of oom－corbcassion type and shali camply with ［8：17］ 1 －197\％．
 thall be supplied wirh waler from proper fushing cistern or from other equally eticicicnt and suicable waste preventing apparatue Fluthing cittens having for lites itscharge copacity and discharging at an reverage rate of \＄la art contidered suitable for wagh down water cilesets and squatting

 any premige any fluth valver，or similar ipppration through which water fopplied by ghe Audhority is intended to pass undess previous permission of the Authorify bobnained．Such fiush valutg or Hughing epporatan shall be of the self－closing typt and shall be allowed on water－clastis only．The dergn of the flusting valve or fluching \＆pparatus of similar type ahall be auch that no single fluat shatl exceed 15 I．Alt fluch valyed aliall be fitted with regulation stop cocle or valve in addition to the regulating sorew op the top of the talye which thall be sealed by ap authorized officer．Every flubh valve thall be provided with a suitable and appraved type of stop cock on the upatreara side of the flush valve．
12．5 Urimal Fhathing Giatain－Every urinal fobbing cistern，in which water supplied by the Auchority it utod，whall have an efficient wate preverting apparatus so constructed tas to prevent dipehage of mare than 5 litrt：of watcr to exch btall，batin or compariment at ench flash \｛ sem IS ： 2326－19707）．

[^15]12.6 Џat of Amtomatic Finating Chaterna - Fluahing apparatus
 to be filted on water-elaeth
127 Uno af Hall Filvet - Beill valvet shall be of one of the clases,


 to a ball velve when permitued by the Auhnerity and in such cayen antisiphonage bolea shatl be provided in the pipe (ar in the lypdy of valyen and these hoine shall be above the oyerflow level.

## 13. CLEANING AND DISINFECTLON OF THE SUPPLY SYSTEM

13.1 All water mains, communjeation pipes, service and diarribution pópes used for water for domestic purposes should be thoroughly and efficitnlly तisinifeced before being taken into use and also alter every major tepair The meithad of dibialection ahald be subject to the approval of the Aluhus rity. They shall abo be periodically elearred at intertala, dicpeaditas upor the quality of water sud the treaburent It rectives befute uet, It in bowever, fesirable that the comnubication pipes and the starage sioterns are thoroughly temad at leat once every year in omfer to remove rny suapended imperitiat that may have setuled in the piper or the tanks.
 Plped - Stornge lanks and dipwoltike dipuribution [ipes shall be disinfected as follows:

The storage inub and pipet mall funt be tilled with wate and thoyoughly flumed out. The tronge canke shall then be filled with water again ind disintecting chemical contsining chlocine added graduclly whilt the tomba are being filled, to enuure thorough mixing. Sufficient cheminal shall be wed to give the water a dose of 50 parta of chlocine to one pillion parts of water. If ordinary bleaching, powder in used, the proportion will be 150 g of powder to 1000 l of water. The powder shall be mixed with water to a creany ematitancy before being added to the Wetter in the slorage tank If a proprietary brand of chemical is uned, the fopportlons ball be at specified by the matren. When the dorage tung is (Ill), the supply stanll be stopped and all the teps on the distributing pipes opened suecratively, worling progretively away from the atotage taik Each tap sball be clowed when the wnter diaeharge begin to tmell of chlosine. The storage tank ahll then be topped up with watet from the supply pipe and with mare divinfeating chemital to the recomorended

[^16]proportionit The utorage tank and pipe mall then rempin cherged al leart loc three hours, Fibally the tail and pipet ohall be thorouthaly fluahed out brelore aby water is ubed for dometitit porposet.

## 14. INSPECTION AND TESTING

14.1 Testing of Malan Eotere Commenday Worlz - All pipet, 毛ting tand applances shall be inspected, before delivery at the rite to wee whether they bear, where appropilate, the certification mark of the Inditp Standards Inglimetion of the mart of the tesiog station of the Authority. Al piper and fittingt athall be insperted and tenced by the minulfoctirent it their factary and shatt comply with the requirements of this Code. They ahall be teated bydrautically under a predure equal to twice the maximum permissible working prexure or ander auch grepter prennete as may be ipecified. The pipes and fittings hall be inspected on aite before laying and aball be sounded to discloot crackn. Any defective item aball be clearly marked as rejected and forthwith nemoved from the tite.
14.2 Teating of Maing After Laying - After lbying and jointing, the main shat be alowly and earefuldy charged with wattr, to dust all air is expeiled from the main by providing a 23 -mm liet with $p$ woposti allowed to stand full of water fon a few days if time permity, ind ther trated under prexnafe. The tel presure shall be o. 5 N/mmi or the maximum working pressure phit 30 percent, whiclever is the greater. The preanure nball be applied by means of a manasally operated teat pranp, of in the tate of tong mains or mains of large diameter, by a power, driven tat pump, frovided that the primp is not left unattended. In eidher cats due precaution shall be taken to ensure that the required tent prenure ia mot excerded. Promare gauges thall be accurste and thall preferably bave been recaliliatend leffore the tell The tell purpp having been itopped, the test pressure ghall maintain joself without meapuremble dow for at leart half an hour. The mains shall be trated in aections an the work of laying procecdic it in an advantige to have the joint expored for inapection duriag the teating. The open end of the main uay be temporstily clowed for testing under modetate pretrure by fitting a waterright expapditig plugg of whinh teveral typestate available. The end of the main and the plug thatl be mecured bry struts ar otherwite, to resint the end thritut of the water pretare it the nasins.
14.2.1 If the gection of the main tewted terapateq with a duice valye ${ }_{+}$ the wedge of the valve thall not be unged to retain the water. Inutesd the valve shall betemporarily ficted with a blank flage, or in the caice of a socketed valve, with a plug. sad the wedge pleced iv the open position while tescing. Rud aupport ahall be given al in 14.2.


 then be inspected under wurking conditions of pressure and flow. When all draw-ulf lap are closed. the service pipe shall be alsalulely watertight All piging, fititys and appliadses shald be checked guer for satistincury supperith atd protection trom damage, forrosion and frost. Becture if the pxamatilaty of damage in transic, ciaterns shall be revteiced lior wayes tightets ou atrival on the $k$ 保, before fixing.

## 15. MANNTENANAE

15.1 Storage tanks shall be tegularly ituputed and shald be clesmed out if
 wire-larushed ta temave ionase maceriat (bett not scrapped!, urimed and conated with anti-cratusive graint of incre composition not liable to itupart Late or ndour or otherwise contandinate the waser. Brfose cleanitig the cisteru, the outien gisall le plusged to prevert debris nontering the pjpe. I'be tank shall le exaurined for corrosion and water tighletiess attec cleaning.
15.2 Record drawinge showing pipe layout apd valve positions shall be kept up to date and inspection undertalim to enure that any maistempmofe work has not introdiced frowsonnectious ur any uther underirable featire,
15.3 Amy terapondry attachinent fixed to a tap or outiet ghall never bre Ieft in ancha a posituon that back-siplurasge of polluted water ipto dke supply system may poctur.
15.4 All valves shatl be periodically opernted to maintain free bobstment of the working parts.
15.5 Alt tapa and ball values shall be inspedted fiar waler tigltumes; kiands shall be made good; weshers shall be replaced anch roachanianm of sprist operated tope and ball walves shall be repaired where required.
15.6 Ald werflow piper shall be examined and kept free from obstrations

## APPENDEX A (Clases 4.1)

## APHLLCHTION FORM FOR TRMPORABTPIRNANENT EUPPLY OF WATER/FOR ADDIIION ANDJOR ALTERATIONS TO THE EUPFLT OF 朋AER

Itwe. hercby make application to the ${ }^{*}$......................................................... the temporary/permenert mpphy or watetfiot the following addlions andjor alteration to the water moply requirements and water fitringl at the premises,
Wiad No.
Steta No.
......................Rom//\$treet known an..................... .............. for the purpote detcribed below and agite to pay auch charger as the Authority may from time to time be entiled to make and to confonm to all their byelawt and regulation licenced plamber, has been inatructed by mellat to carry out the ghumbing work.

Descriphion of the [मemives,
Addres
Purpose for which water is required $\qquad$
$\qquad$
The comnectioniconnectiots taken by mejaf for temporary we whatll not be uned hy mejur lor permantat tupply anless such a permission it granted to mefin in writing by the Authotity.

I/we hereby undertalcy to give the* due notice of any additipue or alterations to the abowe matolioned empoly which [/we may detire to make.

Myfour requirement of water mupply are as under:
a) Ifwt requeat that one cennection be granted for the whole of the premists.

[^17]b) I/we tequest that beparate nantections may be granted for tach thoor and L ;we thadertalse to pay the tosh of the weparste eonnectipars.
c.) Myicur prolkilte requirements for trade pupases are, $\qquad$ litere per day, and for domestic pruposea are, ditres per day.
d) Our exisuing eupply is.................................. litres per day. Our additional requirements of supply is. $\qquad$ litres per day.
c) The decaile ate regards propured adelitiont and alterallons is fitting are as follaws :

Signature of the licensed plumber Name and addret of due lieeneed plumber $\qquad$

Date

Signatare [s] of the applicant(b)
Name and address , of the applicant (b) . $\qquad$

Date $\qquad$




## APPENDIX B

(Clatse 4.3)

## FORM FOR LICEN施D PLUMRER'S COMPLETION CERTIFICATE

Gertified that liwe thave campleted the phumbiag work al water cons nection No.............................................. the premidet as delailed below. Thib may be inspeted and conntelom gives:


Dated
Signiture of licented plumikr...... Name anch addren of thr.
lictruted plumber

The Auth-iritite repiont:
Certlied that the communication and distribution pipes and all water filtingy have been jaid, applied and exeruted in accordance with the provisigns of bye-daws and satisfactory ayrangernents have been mindo for drainaing aft watte water.

Connection will be made on
Date
The Aulbority

## AFPENDIX C <br> (Clanue 5.4.2)

NOMOGRAM OF Hatasn and williams Equarton
(Ser Fig. 2)
C-1. Extmple of the monoscatarn are given below:
Exampre I
 in total length of 300 m .

Procedure
Q -0.25 li=
Pipe t - 25 mm

Total friction loss in 300 ml length $=\frac{30 \times 300}{T 000}=9 \mathrm{~m}$
Eximple 2
Firnd suitable diameter pipe to carfy 1.5 l/a fom wevice lipe to overhead tank,

Taual length of servite main $=\mathbf{2 0 0} \mathrm{m}$.
Roidual fretsure mivilable at the take off point on tupply lipe in 15 m .



Procedure
Available head $=15$ tr
Deduct residual head $\boldsymbol{x} 2$ m
Deduct 10 perteent for losaes in bends and specials $=1-3 \mathrm{~m}$
Frition head available for las in pipe of $200 \mathrm{~m}=15-2-13$ - 11 . 7 m

Friction head available fin Inss in pipe of 9000 m

$$
=\frac{11-7 \times 1 \mathrm{kON}}{200}-50.5 \mathrm{~m}+1000 \mathrm{~m}
$$




## APPENDIX D

(Clawse 8.1.13)

## IDENTIFICATION OF PIPES, CONDYTTS AND DUCT\$ IN A BLILIDING

## D-1, IDENTIFTCATION BY COLODR

D-1.1 To indjeate ute class of jus contenk, each pipe hall be marked with the approjpriate primary identification cobour ab per detribs given ladowil

| Coterta | Pderriforation Colour |
| :---: | :---: |
| Weler | Sea green |
| Steam | Silver grey |
| Air | 5ky blat |
| Draisage and other wastes | Black |
| Gaves | Camary yellow |
| Oils | Light brown |
| Acidr and allalir | Daut vioket |
| Fire indallatiom | Fire red |

1.1.2 The colour mating shatl be thplipd to the entire length of fipe or al a band of colour near valveg, janctipnt, walh, etc. The minimum widh of colour batud ahall be 25 mint.

D-1. 3 Where in the willa copure of manufactute or to satisly the tequirementr of any orher Indian Sandands, the pipes gre painted to a required colour, the intentifleatoon colour shall the applied after the pipe is fixed in powition. The final colour marking thalf not be conflicting with the provision given in 1 $\mathbf{~ 1 . 1 .}$
D-1. 4 Chars showing the colantrs for primary identification should be displayed at thace points where they are likely to be needed for teferance.

## APYENDIX E

(Clause 9.3.1)

## END THRUST AND RADLAL THRUGT ON HENDS IN MARNS

| Diomatr of $M$ tain | (Cakelated for a pretsure of $1.0 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{max}^{\mathbf{1}}$ ) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ent Thrast | Rodiol Thrust it Bondt of the Folluraing Axgtes |  |  |  |
|  |  | $90^{\circ}$ | $45^{2}$ | $725^{\circ}$ | 1174 |
| mm | $t$ | $\tau$ | $t$ | t | 1 |
| 50 | $0 \cdot 196$ | 0.276 | 0.19 | $0 \cdot 67$ | 0.096 |
| 90 | 0-503 | 0.711 | 0 \% 863 | $0 \cdot 196$ | 0.09] |
| 100 | 0.785 | 1-111 | 0.601 | 0-906 | (1.]42 |
| 130 | 1-767 | 2-499 | 1-353 | 0.690 | 4.321 |
| 225 | 3.976 | $5 \cdot 623$ | 3-043 | [-551 | 0.721 |
| 306 | $7 \cdot 067$ | 9.994 | 5-409 | 2.757 | 1-282 |

Norn $\rightarrow$ For presureatier than l'0 N, , mmi, multipiy by the presure sand divide by 10.

15 1 2063-793

## APPENDIX F (Clause 9.10)

## SPACIMG OF FIXINE FOR INTERNAL PIPRNG

| Kind of Piping | Sitat st Pipe | Indetral for Itorizandal Morr | futmor for Pratical fout |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | m | $\pm$ |
| Lesd | All | 2 | 3 |
|  | $\left[\begin{array}{l}15 \\ 20\end{array}\right.$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 2 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - 25 | 2 | $2 \cdot 5$ |
| Copper, light gruge | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}40 \\ 50\end{array}\right.$ | 2.5 | \$ |
|  | 65 80 | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 1100 | 3 | \$5 |
|  | $\left[\begin{array}{l}15 \\ 20\end{array}\right.$ | 28 | ${ }^{2-5}$ |
|  | 195 | 2.5 | 3 |
| Copper, heavy gange: wrought iron and mild strel | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}40 \\ 50\end{array}\right.$ | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \cdot 5 \\ & 3 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 65 60 | 3.5 3.5 | 5 |
|  | (100 | 4 | 5 |
| Qasticolt | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}50 \\ 80\end{array}\right.$ |  | 2.5 |
|  |  | 2.5 | $2 \cdot 5$ |

Water Supply and Fhumbing Subcomatitec, BLC 44 : I

|  | Riperenmixy |
| :---: | :---: |
| Smin K. D. Munmicit | Municjpal Corpartion of Grunler Bombera, Bombey |
| Nathers |  |
| 䋨 K. © Bulekar |  |
|  | Islpal Oapporatios al Greater Banhay. |
| S阶S. G. Dequaticie |  |
| Smpis. G. Dequatimat |  |
| Drimimen Suve |  |
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| tami D. K. Mrris ( Afiment I) <br>  |  |

## EVREAU OF TNDIAN BTANOARDS

Headquarjers：
Manak Bhevsin． 9 Baliadur Shah Zofar Mara．NEWH DEL，HI 110002
Tolophones： $3310131.3311375 \quad$ Telegrame：Manaksensthat （Common to all officts）
Regronal Ofinces：
Lentral：Manak Ghavan，S Bahadur Slish Zafar Marg．
＊Egetarin ：1，14 C．I．T．Scheme VII M，V，I P．Road， Manikiota，CALCUTTA 700064
Northern ； $5 \mathrm{CO} 445-446$ ，Sector 35 －C． CHANDI\＄ARH 160030

Southean ：C．I．T．Campuss，MADRAS 自O0119
 BOMEAY 400093

Telephones
$[3310131$
4311375
362499
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「412442 412519
412916
6329295
$\left[\begin{array}{l}26348 \\ 2.6349\end{array}\right.$
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古 6716
Б 3627
3.3177

231083
［6 3471
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［21 6876
27 1292
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2517
52435




[^0]:    

[^1]:     randion).
     Jomin Talver and firlegh.

[^2]:    
    
    
    
     vwige \{ iNurastain \},
     Melvith r .
    
     2000 mom atpminsal finmeter ?
    

[^3]:    
    
    
     ; infol privion:.
    
     metriltyges I.
    
     rasialue j.

    1tSpecifiration for low dmaity polyatbyleme pipea for potably water suppliea i, ت̈rat rasirlet ).
    
    
    
    

[^4]:    
    
    tonda of parcuice for plation pipe \#ork for patable wnter zupplina:
    
    

[^5]:     herieter ( swand moision) .
    $\dagger$ Sipesificsion for copper alloy gale, glotet and check velugi for waty warla putpeet \{ fifas mivion ).

[^6]:    *Coldar code for the ideatification of pipolines.

[^7]:    "Code al practice lot liying of monctit pipes.
    trade of proctice for laying or and anan plpes.

[^8]:    
    
    
    由hetrir (firgt gairion).
    

[^9]:    

[^10]:    *Code of pracuice for ptentics pipe woek for potatle witer supplici;
    Part 2 Layiag and jointing polyethy le
    

[^11]:    

[^12]:    
    

[^13]:    
    
    
    
    

[^14]:    "Code of beic requirempat for watex mupply, drainge mod canitmion (dhird mixime].

[^15]:     mortuen \｛ ymen misian \},
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^16]:    
    
    

[^17]:    *Inent lure the mat oE the Aubority,

